

Large time asymptotics for evolution problems: convergence to equilibrium, functional inequalities and hypocoercivity

Lecturer: Jean Dolbeault¹

Dates: 26–30 October 2009

Description:

The goal of this course is to give an overview on *entropy methods* measuring the return to equilibrium of solutions of linear and nonlinear partial differential equations, or the convergence towards *intermediate asymptotics*.

- 1. In simple examples like the heat equation, the Poincaré inequality with Gaussian weight or the logarthmic Sobolev inequality can be used to describe the large time asymptotics of the solutions in various functional spaces. The *entropy/entropy production method*, or *Bakry-Emery method*, [1] and spectral approaches based on Beckner's work [2] will be presented.
- 2. The asymptotics of porous medium and fast diffusion equations will then be tackled, by the entropy/entropy production method [4], using functional inequalities of Gagliardo-Nirenberg type [5], gradient flow techniques based on mass transport [6, 12] and linearization of the entropy [3], which allow to give optimal asymptotic rates of convergence without restriction on the the exponent of the nonlinearity.
- 3. Some applications of entropy method to two-dimensional Navier-Stokes equations [10] or diffusive models like the Keller-Segel system will be briefly sketched [9]. Only preliminary results are available, as this topic is an active area of research.
- 4. All equations considered above are of diffusive type. Several of them can be achieved as *diffusive limits* of kinetic equations with various collision terms [7], which suggest how to establish *hypocoercivity* estimates [13, 14]. A special attention will be devoted to the case of time relaxation kernel [8, 11] for which hypocoercivity definitely differs from hypo-elliptic techniques.

References:

- [1] A. Arnold, P. Markowich, G. Toscani, and A. Unterreiter. On convex Sobolev inequalities and the rate of convergence to equilibrium for Fokker-Planck type equations. *Comm. Partial Differential Equations* **26** (2001) 43–100.
- [2] W. Beckner. A generalized Poincaré inequality for Gaussian measures. *Proc. Amer. Math. Soc.* **105** (1989) 397–400.
- [3] A. Blanchet, M. Bonforte, J. Dolbeault, G. Grillo and J. Vázquez. Asymptotics of the fast diffusion equation via entropy estimates. *Arch. Rat. Mech. Anal.* **191** (2009) 347–385.

¹Ceremade. Université Paris Dauphine. Place de Lattre de Tassigny. F-75775 Paris Cédex 16. France Tel: (33) 1 44 05 47 68. Email: dolbeaul@ceremade.dauphine.fr





- [4] J. A. Carrillo and J. L. Vázquez. Fine asymptotics for fast diffusion equations. Comm. Partial Differential Equations 28 (2003) 1023–1056.
- [5] M. Del Pino and J. Dolbeault. Best constants for Gagliardo-Nirenberg inequalities and applications to nonlinear diffusions. *J. Math. Pures Appl.* (9) **81** (2002) 847–875.
- [6] J. Denzler and R. J. McCann. Fast diffusion to self-similarity: complete spectrum, long-time asymptotics, and numerology. Arch. Rat. Mech. Anal. 175 (2005) 301–342.
- [7] J. Dolbeault, P. Markowich, D. Oelz and C. Schmeiser. Non linear diffusions as limit of kinetic equations with relaxation collision kernels. *Arch. Rat. Mech. Anal.* **186** (2007) 133–158.
- [8] J. Dolbeault, C. Mouhot and C. Schmeiser. *Hypocoercivity for kinetic equations with linear relaxation terms. Comptes Rendus Mathematique* **347** (2009) 511–516.
- [9] J. Dolbeault and B. Perthame. Optimal critical mass in the two-dimensional Keller-Segel model in \mathbb{R}^2 . *C. R. Math. Acad. Sci. Paris* **339** (2004) 611–616.
- [10] T. Gallay and C. E. Wayne. Global stability of vortex solutions of the two-dimensional Navier-Stokes equation. *Comm. Math. Phys.* **255** (2005) 97–129.
- [11] F. Hérau. Hypocoercivity and exponential time decay for the linear inhomogeneous relaxation Boltzmann equation. *Asymptot. Anal.* **46** (2006) 349–359.
- [12] F. Otto. The geometry of dissipative evolution equations: the porous medium equation. *Comm. Partial Differential Equations* **26** (2001) 101–174.
- [13] C. Villani. Hypocoercive diffusion operators. In *International Congress of Mathematicians*. *Vol. III*, pp. 473–498. Eur. Math. Soc. Zürich, 2006.
- [14] C. Villani. Hypocoercivity. To appear in Memoirs Amer. Math. Soc., 2009.